

PASSIVE EXTRADITION – A FORM OF INTERNATIONAL JUDICIARY COOPERATION IN CRIMINAL MATTERS

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Abstract: *One of the most important objectives of the European Union is the creation, maintaining and development of a space of liberty, security and justice, objective which can be attained only under the circumstances of achieving a specific cooperation activity in the criminal system among the member states. Consequently, the conjugation of efforts of all the member states aimed at the judiciary cooperation in the criminal system represents an objective necessity, each state being practically obliged to take the necessary measures.*

In this respect, in Romania, the ranging of internal legislation to the norms of the community acquis began by adopting the Law nr. 302/ 2004 which regulates the following forms of international judiciary cooperation in the criminal system: extradition, rendition on a basis of an European warrant, the transfer of procedures in the criminal system, the acknowledgement and enforcement of sentences, the transfer of the convicted persons, the judiciary assistance in the criminal system.

Of all the above mentioned forms of judiciary cooperation, the present study aims at analyzing the passive extradition.

Keywords: *criminal law, criminal processual law, extradition, international judiciary cooperation.*

JEL Classification: *K 14; K 4; K 42*

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